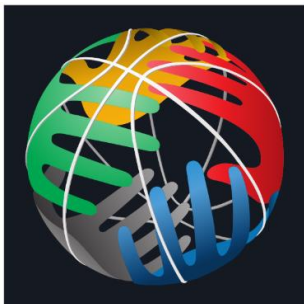


**U14 GET
TOGETHER
2018**



INJURY PREVENTION

for Basketball Players



FIBA

We Are Basketball

USE YOUR MUSCLES



NOT YOUR BACK

Body Check +



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- Sports injury data -

Vertraagt de ziektes van
Alzheimer en Parkinson

Verbetert humeur en kennisopslag

Sporttakken in Vlaanderen	Aantal blessures/100 deelnemers
Rugby	13,1
Handbal	9,3
Baseball/softball	8,8
Korfbal	7,8
Basketbal	7,5
Voetbal	6,7
Zaalvoetbal	6,1
Volleybal	5,9
Judo	5,5
Ju-jitsu	4,4

Tabel 1: Blessurepercentages in Vlaanderen (per sporttak)

(cijfers van het Steunpunt Sport, Beweging en Gezondheid, 2002-2006)

Injury in the National Basketball Association: A 17-Year Overview

Body Check +

Mark C. Drakos, MD,^{**} Benjamin Domb, MD,[†] Chad Starkey, PhD, ATC,[§]
Lisa Callahan, MD,[†] and Answorth A. Allen, MD[†]

Shoulder/Arm
Men: 2,8%



Table 1. Injury rate by body area.

	All Injuries (n, 12 594)		Game-Related Injuries (n, 6287)		
	Total	Games Missed	Total	Game Related	

Definition of Injury

There is a notable variability in used injury definitions among researchers. One of the broad injury definitions define injury as any muscular-skeletal complaint newly incurred due to competition and/or training that received medical attention regardless of absence from competition or training. [7] The advantage of this definition is possibility to assess full spectrum of injuries from mild contusions to fractures and not only those which result in time lost from participation, bearing in mind that athletes sometimes compete despite an injury. [6] Although in practice researchers more often apply the „time loss” definition.

^aCI, confidence interval.

Borowski, 2008



Table 2. Injury rate by structure.

Structure	All Injuries (n, 12 594)				Game-Related Injuries (n, 6287)				95% CI*
	Total		Games Missed		Total		Game Related		
	n	%	n	%	n	%	%	Rate	
Ankle	1850	14.7	6838	11.6	1123	17.9	60.7	3.4	3.2-3.6
Lumbar spine	1279	10.2	6729	11.4	481				
Patella	1266	10.1	8076	13.6	309				
Knee	1135	9.0	10 737	18.1	501				
Foot	962	7.6	5992	10.1	374				
Tibia	954	7.6	5597	9.5	431				
Femur	905	7.2	3044	5.1	482				
Hip	781	6.2	2518	4.3	416				
Hand	571	4.5	2702	4.6	383				
Face	493	3.9	255	0.4	342				
Shoulder	466	3.7	1932	3.3	265				
Eye	351	2.8	359	0.6	237				
Fingers	298	2.4	696	1.2	195				
Thumb	276	2.2	1212	2.0	172				
Elbow	255	2.0	433	0.7	152				
Thorax	241	1.9	419	0.7	131				
Cervical spine	198	1.6	590	1.0	116				
Skull	107	0.8	254	0.4	79				
Abdomen	80	0.6	499	0.8	40				
Humerus	79	0.6	237	0.4	46				
Systemic	38	0.3	32	0.1	7				
Genitals	9	0.1	28	0.0	5				

*CI, confidence interval.

Table 3. Injury rate by specific pathology.*

Pathology	All Injuries				Game-Related Injuries				95% CI ^b
	Total		Games Missed		Total		Game Related		
	n	%	n	%	n	%	%	Rate	
Lateral ankle sprain	1658	13.2	5223	8.8	1066	17.0	64.3	3.2	3.0-3.4
Patellofemoral inflammation	1493	11.9	10 370	17.5	245	3.9	16.4	0.7	0.7-0.8
Lumbar sprain/strain	999	7.9	3933	6.6	361	5.7	36.1	1.1	1.0-1.2
Hamstring strain	413	3.3	1826	3.1	189	3.0	45.8	0.6	0.5-0.7
Adductor strain	394	3.1	1416	2.4	185	2.9	47.0	0.6	0.5-0.6
Knee sprain	392	3.1	4369	7.4	268	4.3	68.4	0.8	0.7-0.9
Foot inflammation	362	2.9	2043	3.5	94	1.5	26.0	0.3	0.2-0.3
Quadriceps contusion	338	2.7	478	0.8	232	3.7	68.6	0.7	0.6-0.8
Knee/patella contusion	321	2.5	690	1.2	213	3.4	66.4	0.6	0.6-0.7
Finger sprain	308	2.4	336	0.6	205	3.3	66.6	0.6	0.5-0.7
Triceps surae strain	259	2.1	2078	3.5	138	2.2	53.3	0.4	0.3-0.5
Leg contusion	227	1.8	316	0.5	157	2.5	69.2	0.5	0.4-0.6
Hip contusion	218	1.7	249	0.4	159	2.5	72.9	0.5	0.4-0.6
Foot sprain	207	1.6	866	1.5	120	1.9	58.0	0.4	0.3-0.4
Achilles tendinopathy	204	1.6	1038	1.8	45	0.7	22.1	0.1	0.1-0.2
Thumb sprain	196	1.6	811	1.4	127	2.0	64.8	0.4	0.3-0.5
Wrist sprain	181	1.4	851	1.4	125	2.0	69.1	0.4	0.3-0.4
Periorbital laceration	172	1.4	52	0.1	114	1.8	66.3	0.3	0.3-0.4
Ankle inflammation	150	1.2	1026	1.7	37	0.6	24.7	0.1	0.1-0.1

Demographic data of all players undergoing ACL reconstruction:

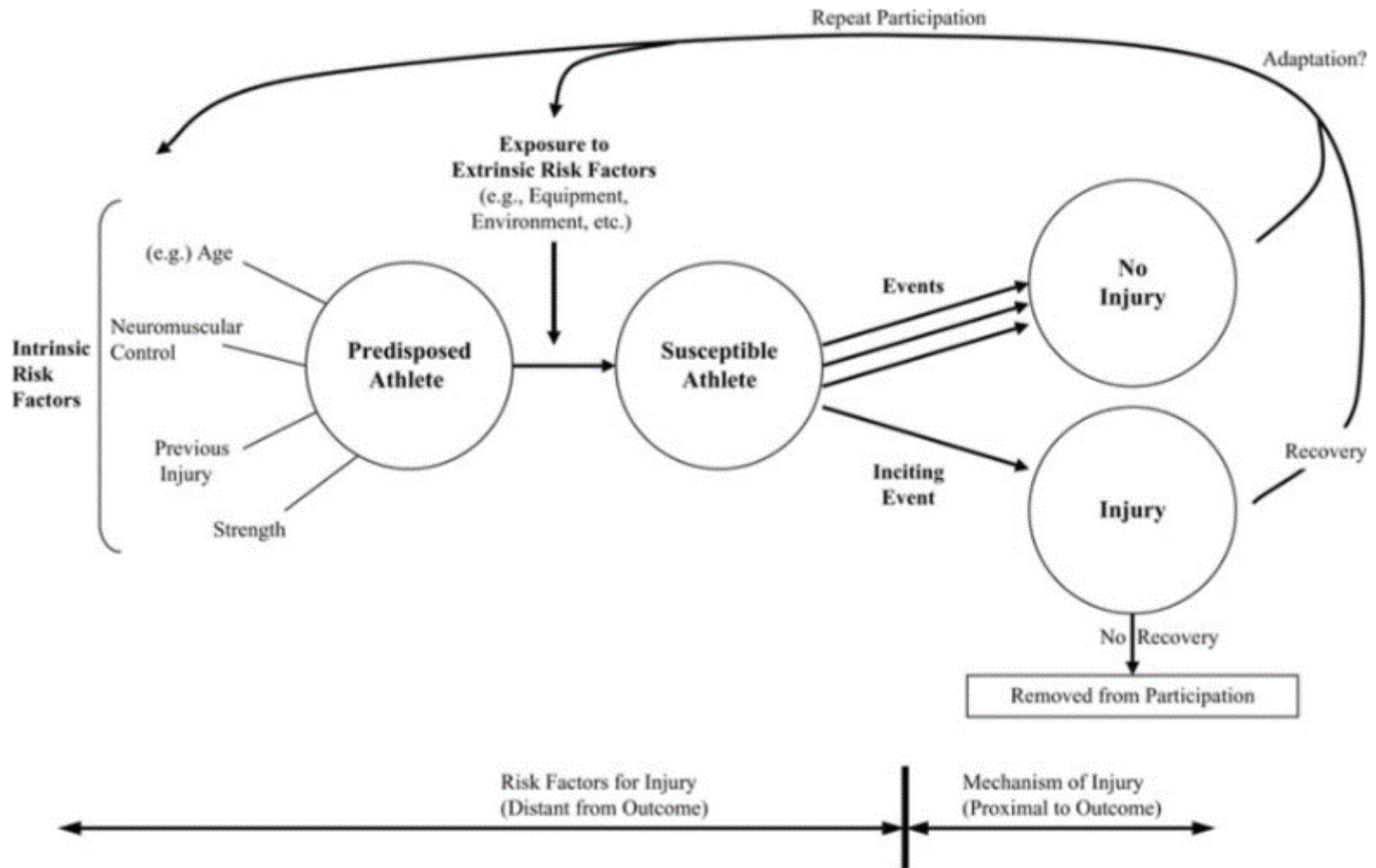
- Right = left knee (*Harris et al., 2013*)
- Injury timing (not significant) (*Harris et al., 2013*):
 - In-season game (65%)
 - 2th half (62%)
 - 4th quarter (40%)→ fatigue
- Field position: guard = forward > center (not significant) (*Moira et al., 2013*)

Table 1. Demographic data of NBA players

	n
Number of players	64
Number of ACL tears*	69
Mean age, y	25.7 ± 3.5
Mean body mass index, kg/m ²	25.0 ± 2.1
Right knee	35
Left knee	34
Mean years of experience in NBA prior to ACL tear	4.1 ± 3.0
Position	
Guard	29
Forward	23
Center	12
Number of All-Stars	13 (20%)
Mean salary prior to ACL tear, US\$ millions	1.73
ACL tear timing	
In-season game	45
First quarter	11 (24%)
Second quarter	6 (13%)
Third quarter	10 (22%)
Fourth quarter	18 (40%)
In-season practice	4
Preseason basketball	10
Off-season basketball	8
Non-basketball related	2

*Sixty players had a primary ACL tear; 2 players had bilateral nonsimultaneous ACL tears; 1 player had a primary and re-tear in the same knee; 1 player had a primary and 2 re-tears in the same knee.

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Meeuwisse et al., 2007



INTRINSIC RISK FACTORS

PHYSICAL

Age
Sex
Somatype
Injury history
Physical fitness
Joint mobility
Ligament instability
Anatomic abnormality
Motor control
Sportspecific abilities

PSYCHOLOGICAL/MENTAL

Motivation
Risiko behaviour
Coping strategies (stress)

EXTRINSIC RISK FACTORS

EXPOSURE

Type sport
Total time sport activity
Position in the team
Competition level

TRAINING

Fitt principe

ENVIRONMENT

Ground
Out vs indoor
Weather

MATERIAL



- Sports Injury Prevention -

“Injury prevention is an effort to prevent or reduce the severity of bodily **injuries** caused by external mechanisms, such as accidents, before they occur.”

Definition Wikipedia

The Levels of Prevention

	PRIMARY Prevention	SECONDARY Prevention	TERTIARY Prevention
Definition	An intervention implemented before there is evidence of a disease or injury	An intervention implemented after a disease has begun, but before it is symptomatic.	An intervention implemented after a disease or injury is established
Intent	Reduce or eliminate causative risk factors (risk reduction)	Early identification (through screening) and treatment	Prevent sequelae (stop bad things from getting worse)
NAS Example	Prevent addiction from occurring Prevent pregnancy	Screen pregnant women for substance use during prenatal visits and refer for treatment	Treat addicted women Treat babies with NAS

Adapted from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. A Framework for Assessing the Effectiveness of Disease and Injury Prevention. MMWR. 1992; 41(RR-3):001. Available at: <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/00016403.htm>



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**Generic injury
prevention**

**Individual injury
prevention**

**Collective
with
adaptation
FITT**

Importance of warming-up *(Malliou e.a., 2007)*, cooling-down *(Malliou e.a., 2007)*, balance training *(Cumps e.a., 2007)*, functional strength training *(Arnason e.a., 2008)*, stretching *(Amako e.a., 2003)*, correction technique *(Scase e.a., 2006)*

Effective multifactoral “intrinsic” prevention programs *(Emery e.a. 2007, 2010; Olsen e.a. 2005; Soligard e.a. 2008)*

→ with in account core stability *(Emery e.a., 2010)*



- Body Check + -



SPORT.
VLAANDEREN



basketbal
vlaanderen



Vlaamse
overheid



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Injury Prevention for Basketball Players



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THE GOAL

20 % LESS INJURIES
IN 4 MAJOR AREAS



THE GOAL

SHOULDER

IMPINGEMENT – ST DYSKINESIA –
LUXATION – INSTABILITY

CORE

HERNIA – STRESS FRACTURE –
INSTABILITY

KNEE

PATELLA TENDON – CARTILAGE –
ACL – MENISCUS

ANKLE

DISTORTION – INSTABILITY –
ACHILLES TENDON – STRESS FRACTURE



HOW

Educating players, coaches and clubs about injury prevention by creating interesting, beautiful, easy-to-use products

For **EVERY TEAM** (high/low level) & useable in warming up



HOW



POSTERS

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WARMING-UP

BASIC **ADVANCED** **PRO**

This poster illustrates a warming-up exercise for the quadriceps and hip flexors. It features three levels of difficulty: **BASIC**, **ADVANCED**, and **PRO**. Each level shows a person in a quadrupedal position (on hands and knees) with one leg extended back. The **BASIC** level shows the leg straight. The **ADVANCED** level shows the leg bent at the knee. The **PRO** level shows the leg bent with the foot resting on a red ball. The background includes anatomical diagrams of the quadriceps and hip flexor muscles.

SS + MYOFASCIAL RELEASE

This poster illustrates a self-stretching (SS) and myofascial release exercise. It shows a person in a quadrupedal position with one leg extended back. The background includes anatomical diagrams of the quadriceps and hip flexor muscles.



VIDEO'S ON
WEBSITE

CLINIC VIDEO WITH ALL EXERCISES

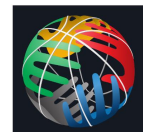
DETAILED EXECUTION OF ALL EXERCISES

INTEGRATION IN BASKETBALL TRAINING

You 



basketbal.vlaanderen.be
> Bodycheckplus



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BROCHURE

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF ALL EXERCISES

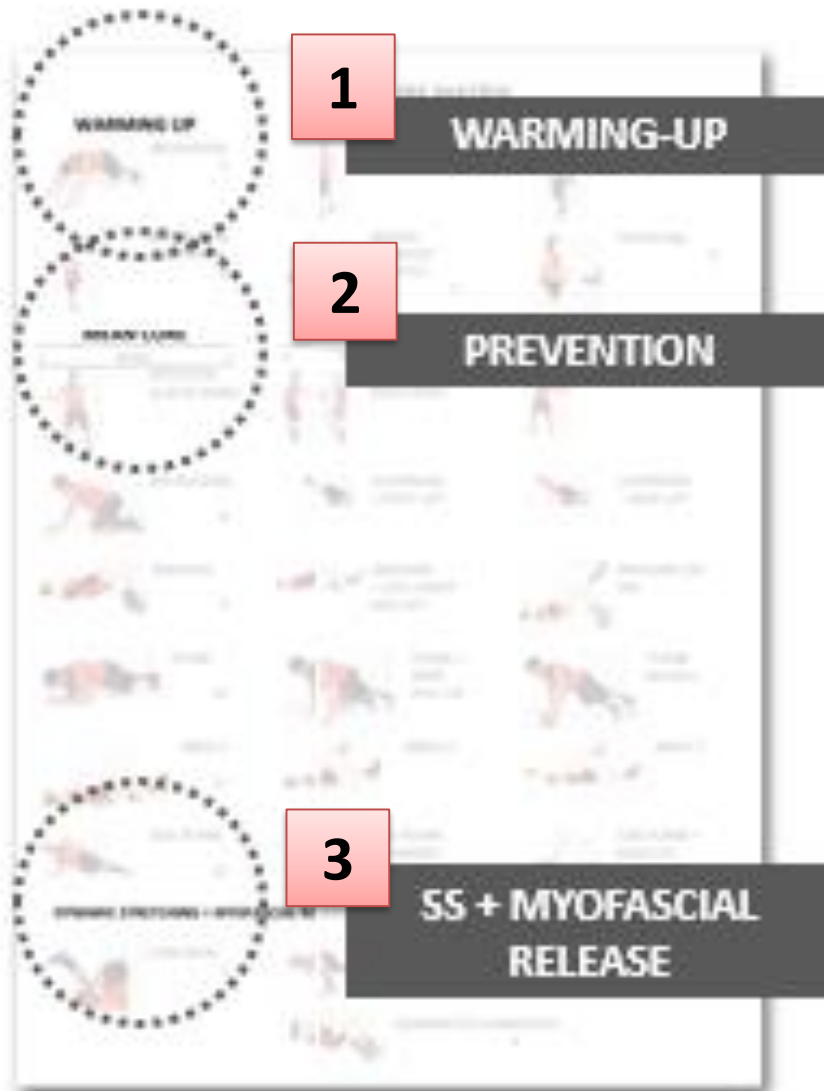
DO'S & DON'TS

PUSH UP PLUS

- **Position**
 - 4 point position with straight back
 - Elbow straight – tuck in chin
- **Execution**
 - push out shoulders
- **Remarks**
 - no shoulder hitching – keep back in starting position
- **Modalities**
 - 2 sets off 10 reps



INJURY PREVENTION STRATEGIES



- Core stability
- Stability LL and UL
- Jump and landing technique
- Strength

1 WARM-UP



	Warming-up
Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Sportspecific movements✓ Dynamic stretches (mobilisers)<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Keep warm✓ Gradual bigger movements✓ No negative effect on performance
Duration	✓ 10 - 20min
Intensity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Light sweat✓ Build up intensity

Static Stretching Can Impair Explosive Performance for At Least 24 Hours

Haddad, Monoem^{1,2}; Dridi, Amir¹; Chtara, Moktar^{1,3}; Chaouachi, Anis¹; Wong, Del P.⁴; Behm, David⁵; Chamari, Karim⁶

Journal of Strength and Conditioning Research: January 2014 - Volume 28 - Issue 1 - p 140-146
doi: 10.1519/JSC.0b013e3182964836
Original Research

Schouder - Opwarming

1 Krab voetbal



2 Lopen met schouder stabilisatie



3 Zijwaarts lopen met schouder stabilisatie



Enkel - Opwarming

1 Skipping met richtingsverandering



2 Toe Tapping



3 Run and challenge



4 Kruiwagen

Knie - Opwarming

1 Skip en hielanslag



2 Zijwaartse bijtrekpassen



3 Run and balance



6 Heel to toe walk



4 Helikopter



5 Quadriceps



6 Cradle



2 PREVENTION EXERCISES

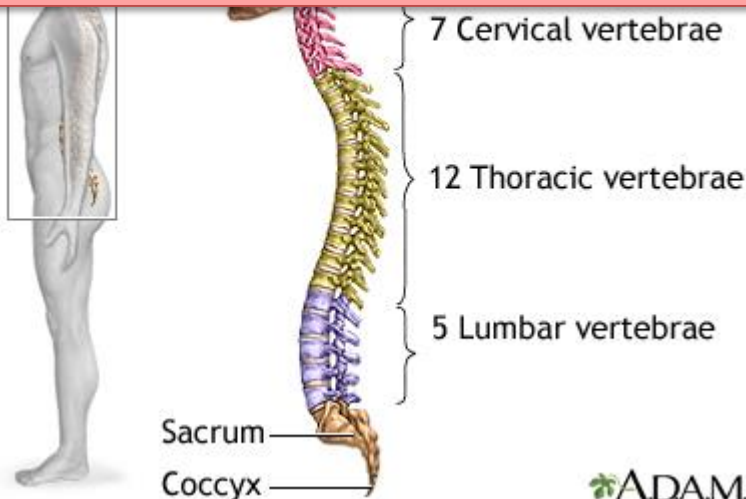
- Core Stability
- Stability UB and LB
- Jump and landing technique
- Strength training



2.1 Core stability

Guidelines core stability training

- Keep normal curvature!
 - Use lumbal bracing = contract deep abdominal- AND back muscles
- Static -> dynamic. Easy -> difficult
- Gradual build-up intensity, duration, repetitions, sets!



2.1 Core stability

Romp - Preventie

7 Rotatie stabilisatie met rekker



7 Statische rotatie stabilisatie



10 Voorwaartse plank



10 Voorwaartse plank met kniebeweging



10 Voorwaartse plank met kniebewegingen vanop bal



11 ABDO1



11 ABDO2



11 ABDO3



8 Backward rocking



8 Superman



12 Zijwaartse plank



12 Zijwaartse plank met armbeweging



12 Zijwaartse plank met armbeweging en knielift



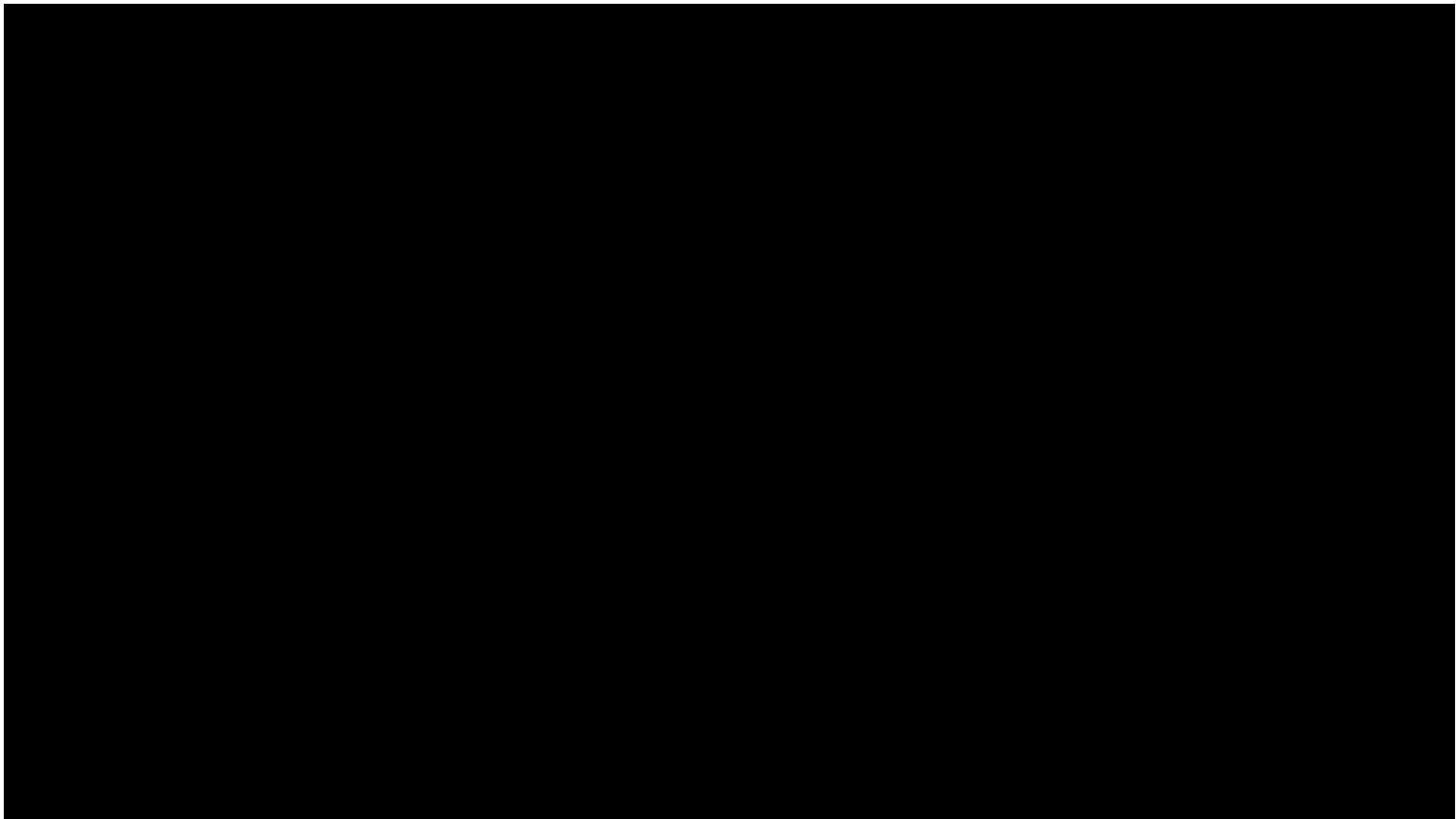
9 Bruggen



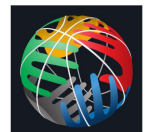
9 Bruggen en been op/neer bewegen



2.1 Core stability



BodyCheck+- Bruggen op bal en been uitstrekken (pro)



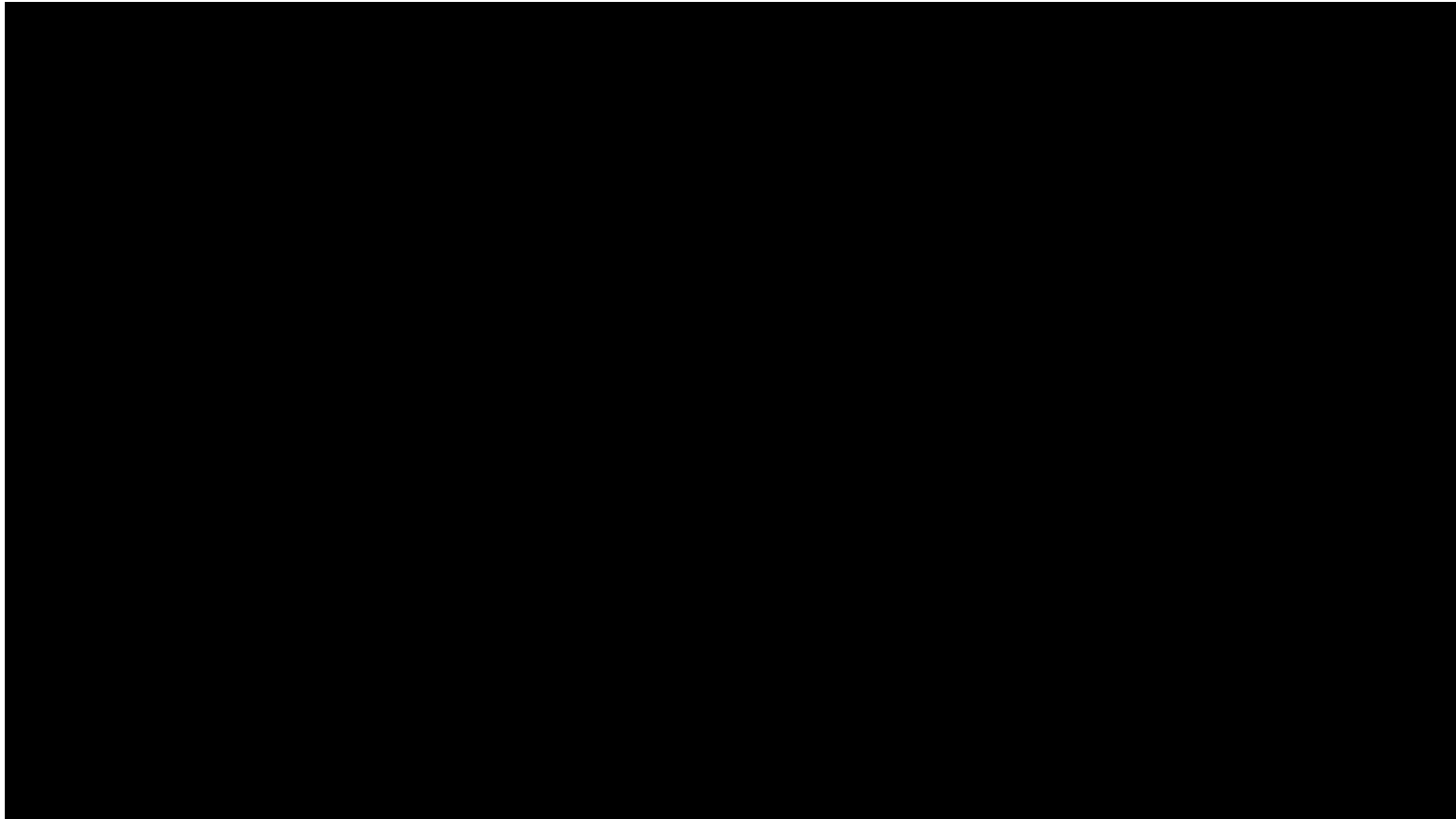
2.2 Stability LB-UB

Guidelines balance training

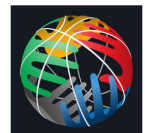
- Gradual build-up intensity, duration, repetitions, reps!
 - Static
 - With movements/jumps
 - External factors
- Upper and lower body
- Left and Right



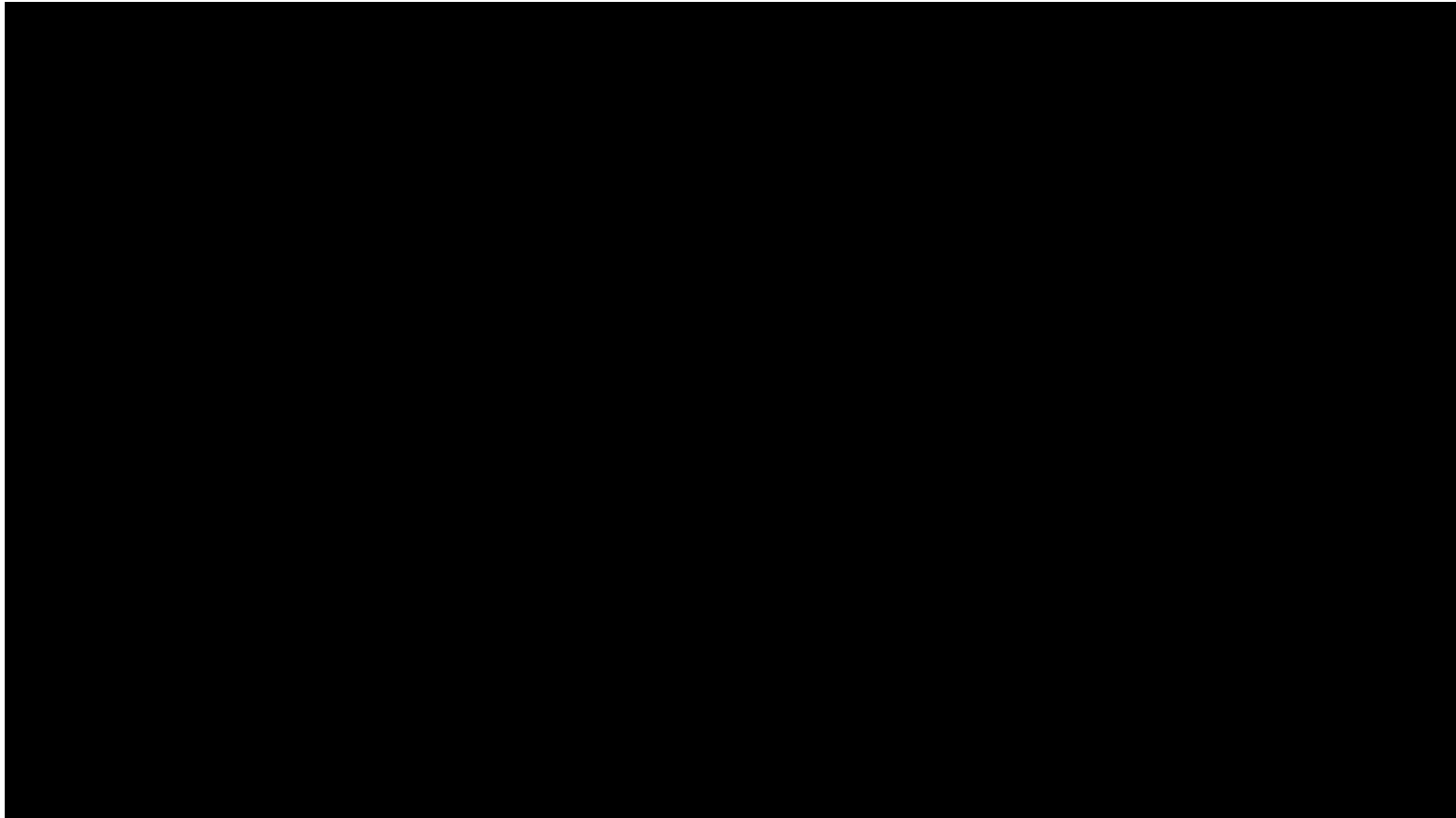
2.2 Stability LB-UB



BodyCheck+- Statische rotatie stabilisatie (advanced)



2.2 Stability LB-UB



BodyCheck+- Uitvalpas met rotatie (advanced)



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2.3 Correct jump and landing technique



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Landing technique



Hudl Technique 4+
Slow Motion Video Analysis
UberSense Inc

#70 in Sports
★★★★★ 268 Ratings
Free • Offers In-App Purchases



Video images



2.3 Correct jump and landing technique

Most common faults:

- Frontal plane: knee valgus, trunk asym, shoulder asym, foot asym, ground basis ...
- Sagittal plane: knee in front of foot, lack of knee and hip flexion, asym ...

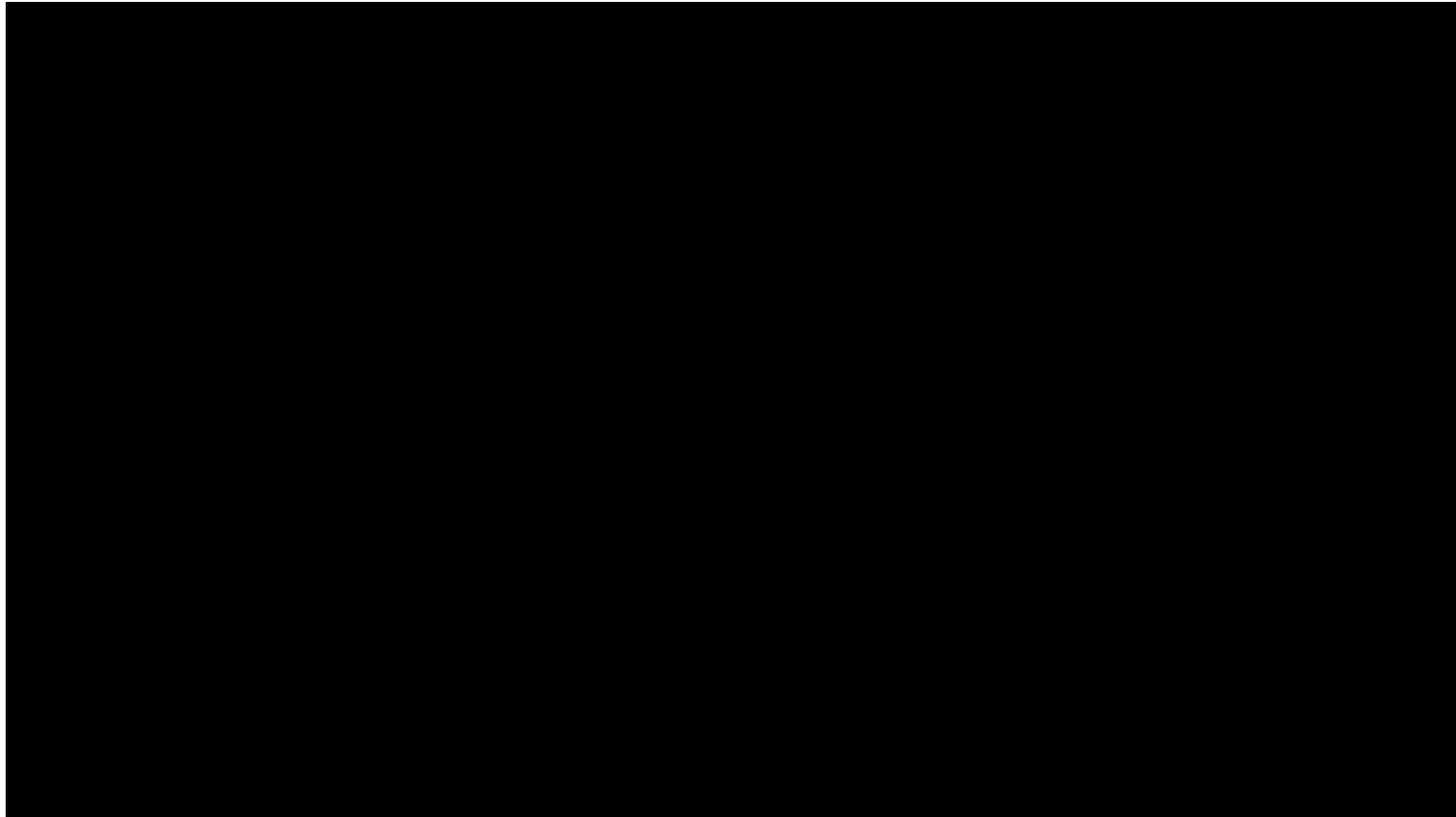


2.3 Correct jump and landing technique

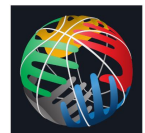
Guidelines jump-landing technique

- Deep knee flexion (100°)
 - Knees not further than toes
 - No valgus
- Deep hip flexion (sit on chair)
 - Shoulders not further than knees
 - Neutral back
- Feet on hip width
 - Feet forward directed
- Shock absorption with front foot

2.3 Correct jump and landing technique



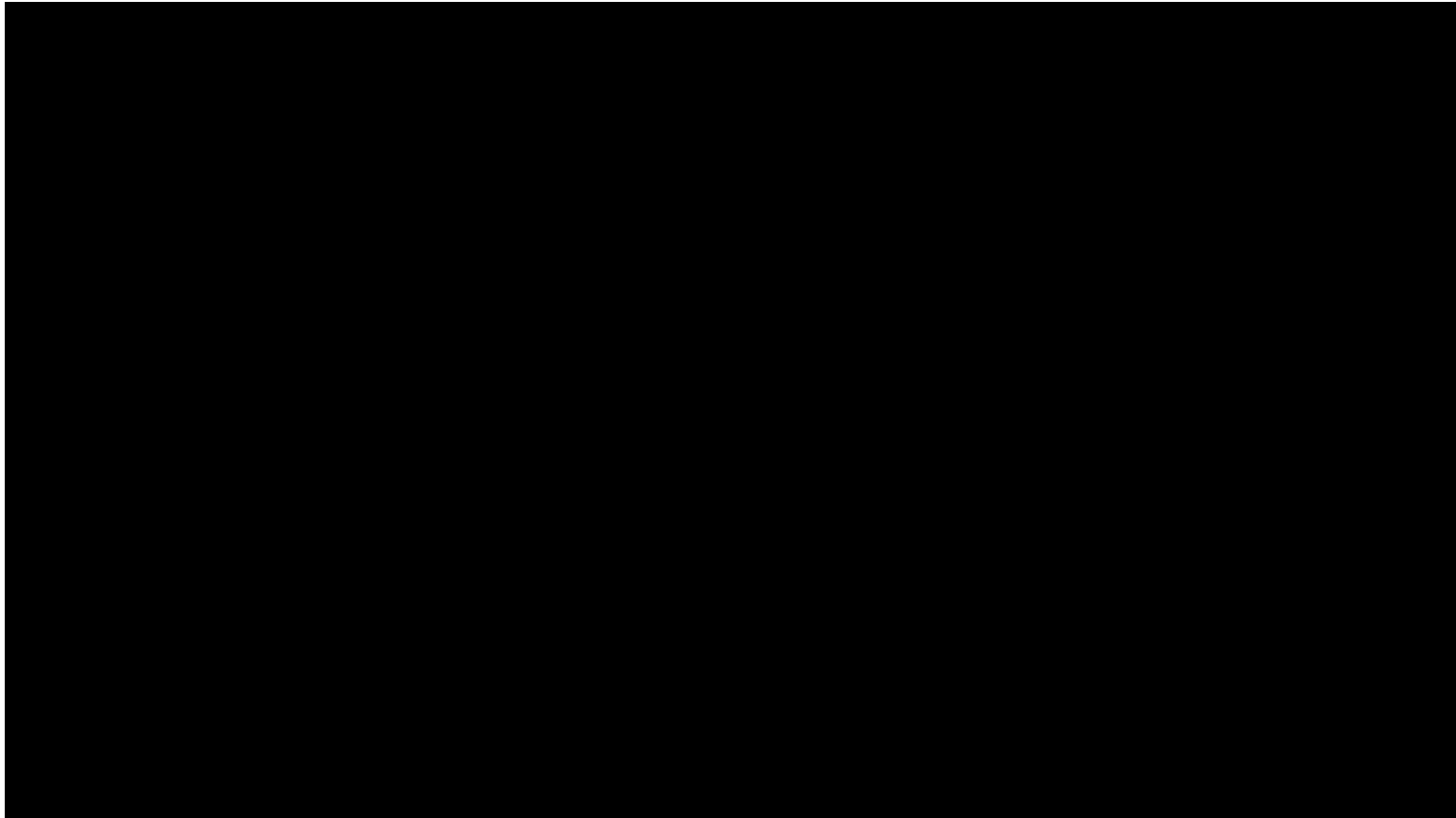
BodyCheck+- Drop jump (basic)



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2.3 Correct jump and landing technique

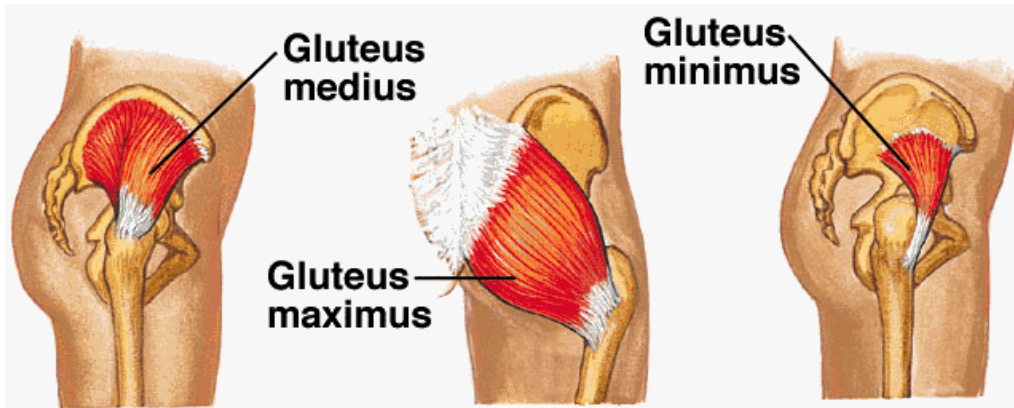
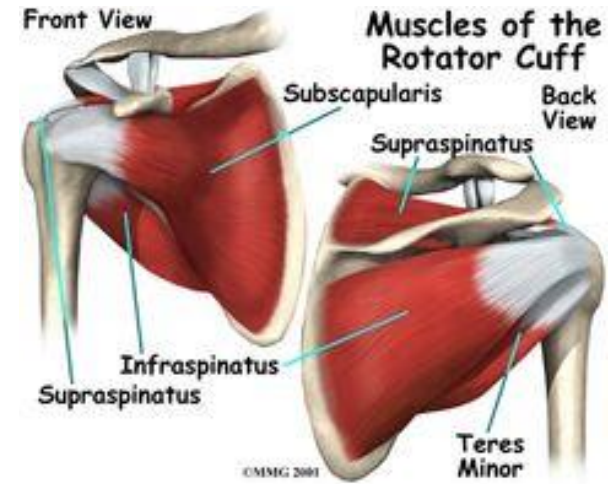
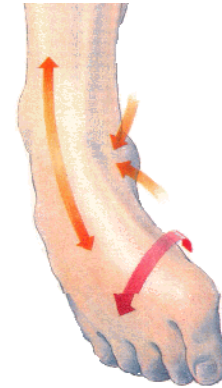
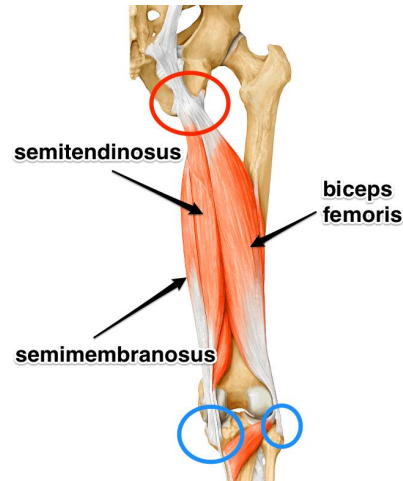


BodyCheck+- Drop squat naar Counter Movement
Jump (advanced)



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2.4 Strength training

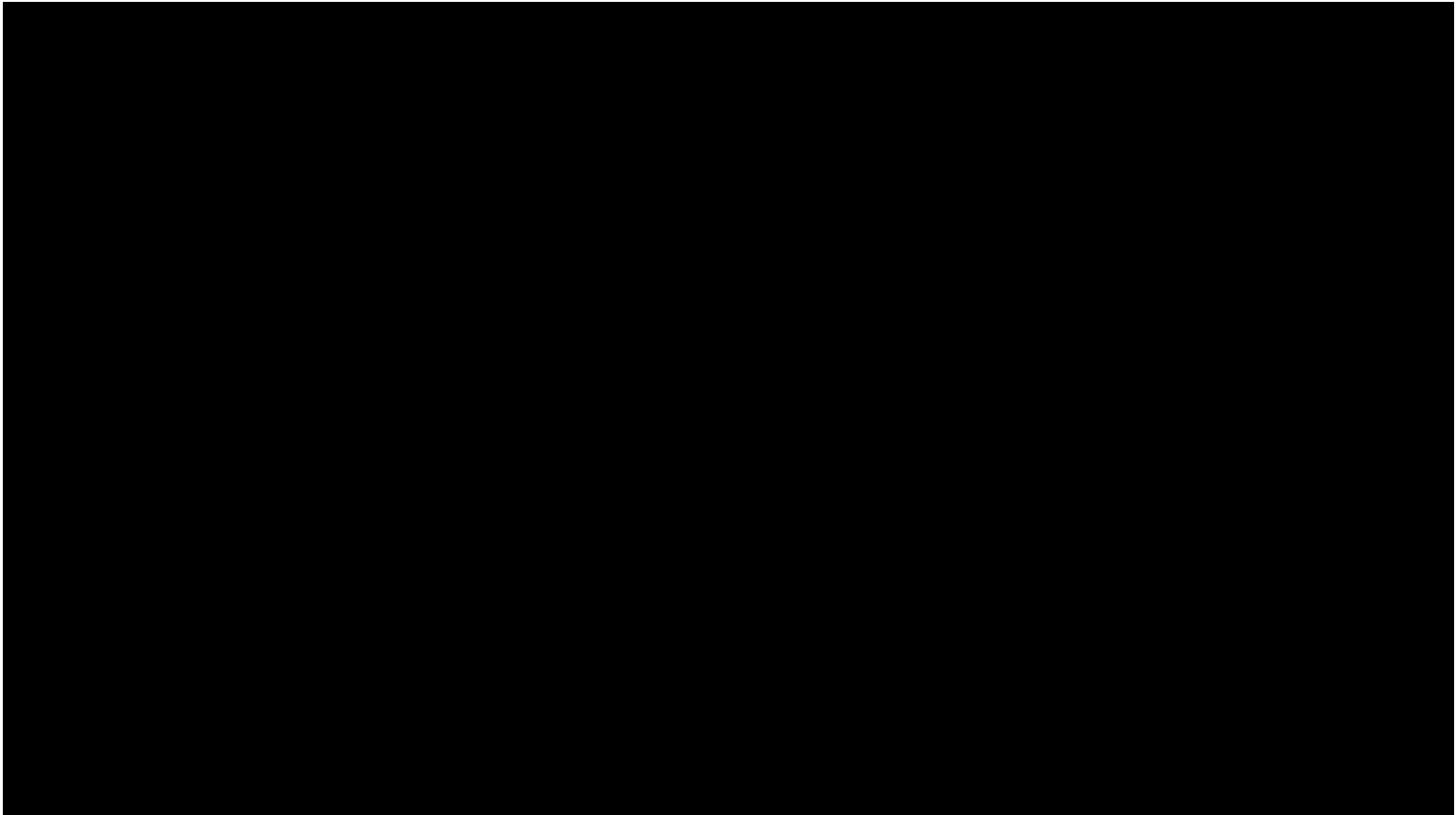


2.4 Strength training

Guidelines strength training

- Gradual build-up of intensity, duration, reps, sets!
- Keep neutral curve.
- Focus on weaker muscles:
 - Hamstrings
 - Glutes
 - Tibialis anterior en peronei
 - Rotator cuff muscles shoulder
- Attention for excentric force
- Build up to jumps and plyometry!

2.4 Strength training



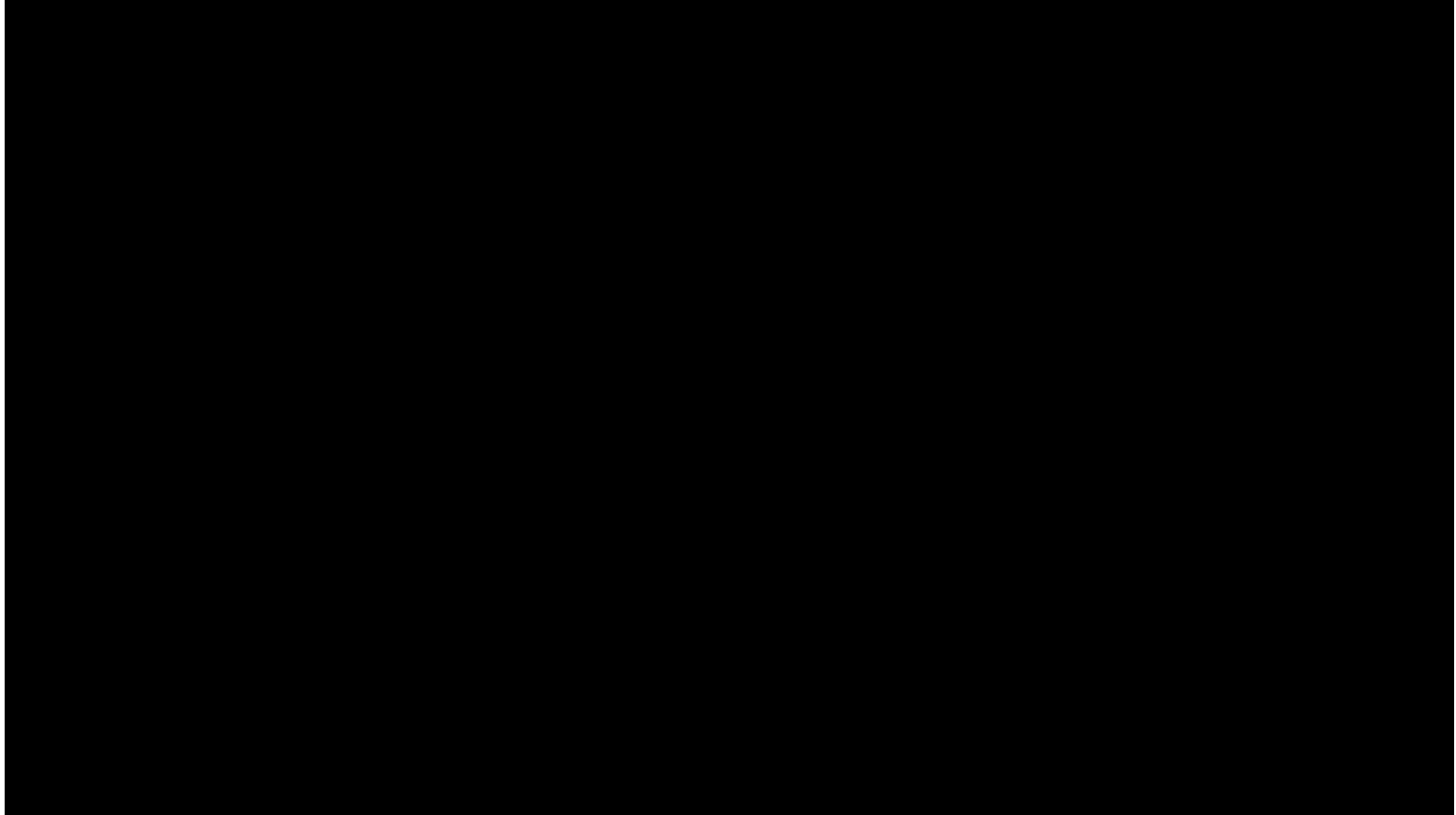
BodyCheck+- Achterwaartse uitvalpas met roeibeweging met exorotatie en elleboogstrekking (pro)



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2.4 Strength training



BodyCheck+- Bijtrekpassen met miniband (pro)



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3 SS AND SMFR - STRETCHING

Guidelines stretching

1

Before:

DS

2

After:

SS

- ✓ Stay warm
- ✓ Sportspecific
- ✓ Gradual bigger amplitude movement (mobilisers)
- ✓ Deel van de opwarming

Attention!!
Depends on individual

- ✓ safer
- ✓ Bring muscle to rest length
- ✓ Part of cooling-down

~~Sportactiviteit~~

3 Regular SS of not-flexible structures
→ 2 X 60"

EXTRA: SMFR

APPLICATION OF SMR			
Frequency	Sets	Duration	
Daily	1-2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hold Roller on TrP until the tenderness is decreased by 75% - Depending on experience and current tissue quality - Hold 30-90" depending on: 	
	(Hou, Tsai and Chung, 2002)	30" with max pain tolerance	90" with minimal pain tolerance

ry tool

Romp - Myofasciale release

13 Low back

14 Low back

15 Low back – Foamroller



10 Thoracale
Foamr



16 Quadratus lumbi

Enkel - Myofasciale release

13 Kuitspier (onderste deel) –
Foamroller

14 Kuitspier (bovenste deel) –
Foamroller

15 Tibialis anterior* (shin) –
Foamroller



Knie - Myofasciale release

13 ITB-band

14 Quadriceps

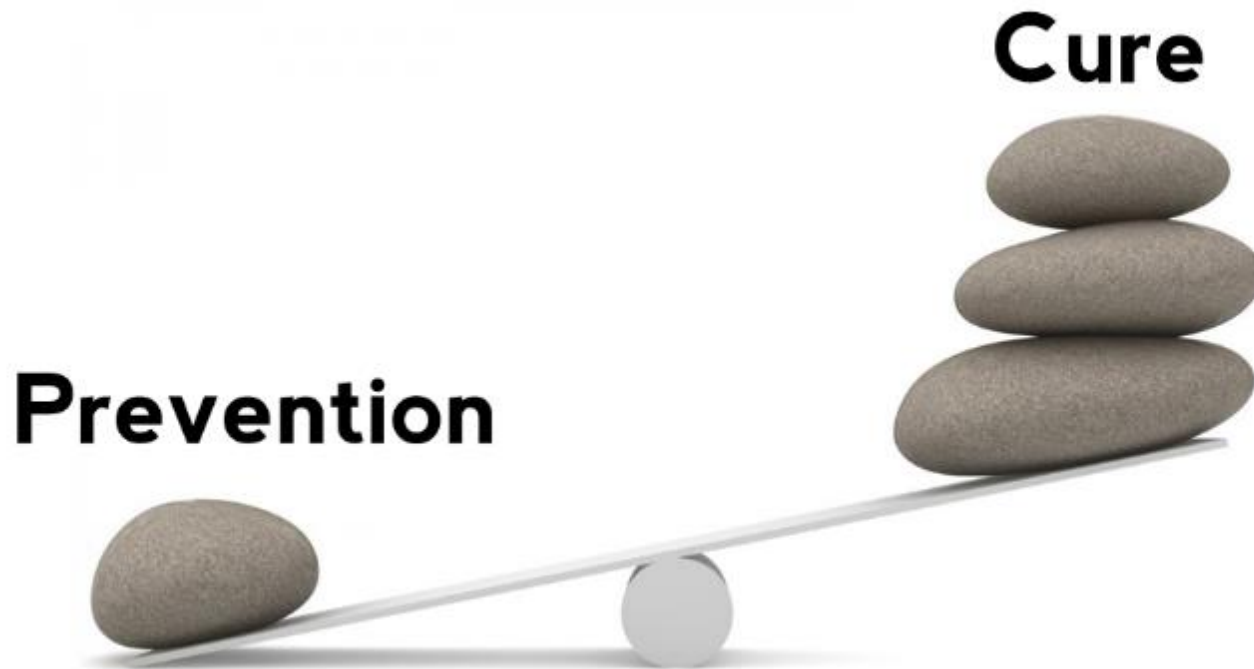
15 Hamstrings



16 Adductoren

17 Bilspieren





An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

- Benjamin Franklin -